



Establishing metrology standards in microfluidic devices: project impact and future work

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EMPIR PROJECT 20NRM02 MFMET

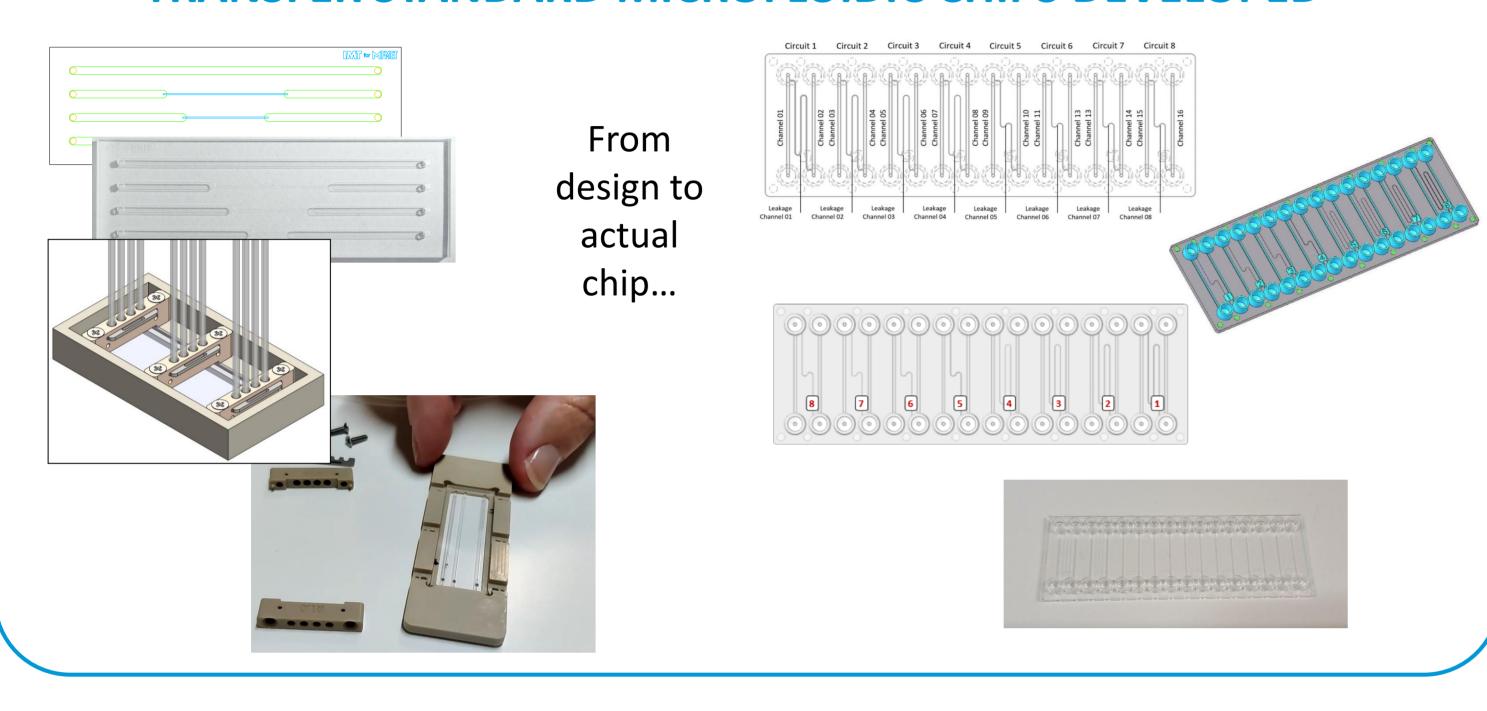
Widespread adoption depends on standards for qualification and characterization, ensuring component compatibility and enhancing reproducibility across suppliers. This project developed measurement protocols for key microfluidic quantities, including: **DIMENSIONS INTERNAL VOLUME HYDRAULIC RESISTANCE**

SURFACE ROUGHNESS LIQUID PROPERTIES

Using various chips created during the project, MFMET aimed to promote globally accepted standards to support industry (healthcare and pharmaceuticals) and academia.

Learn more at: mfmet.eu

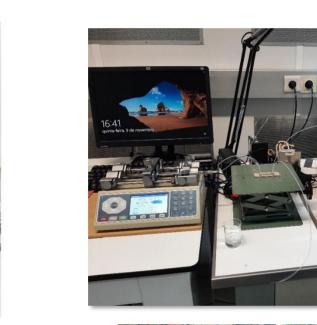
TRANSFER STANDARD MICROFLUIDIC CHIPS DEVELOPED

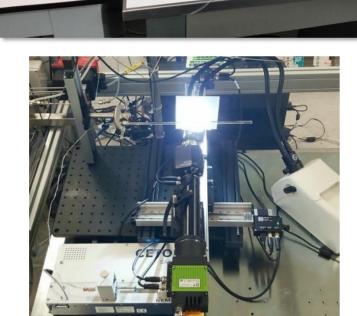


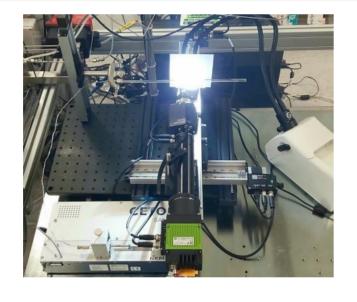
MEASUREMENTS PERFORMED

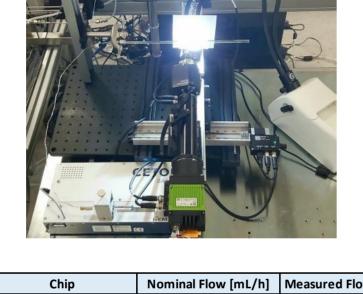
Dimensional











Chip	Nominal Flow [mL/h]	Measured Flow [mL/h]	Error [%]	U [%]	Variation with and without chip [%]
Glass 1_1 Channel 1	0,01	0,0099	1,00	3,98	-0,92
	0,1	0,1014	-1,40	2,98	-1,49
	1	1,0124	-1,24	2,29	-0,88
Glass 1_2 Channel 2	0,01	0,0097	3,00	3,34	1,12
	0,1	0,104	-4,00	5,21	-4,09
	1	1,0047	-0,47	3,53	-0,11
Glass 2_1Channel 2	0,01	0,0025	75,00	10,87	74,52
	0,1	0,103	-3,00	7,02	-3,09
	1	1,0047	-0,47	3,53	-0,11
Glass 2_1Channel 3	0,01	0,0097	3,00	5,74	1,12
	0,1	0,1029	-2,90	6,65	-2,99
	1	1,002	-0,20	1,95	0,16
Glass 4_1Channel 2	0,01	0,0108	-8,00	2,53	-10,09
	0,1	0,1024	-2,40	3,35	-2,49
	1	1,0004	-0,04	2,05	0,31
Glass 4_1Channel 3	0,01	0,0092	8,00	4,80	6,22
	0,1	0,1019	-1,90	3,79	-1,99
	1	1,003	-0,30	1,93	0,06

Liquid proprieties

Flow and volume

Flow resistivity

Measurand estimation

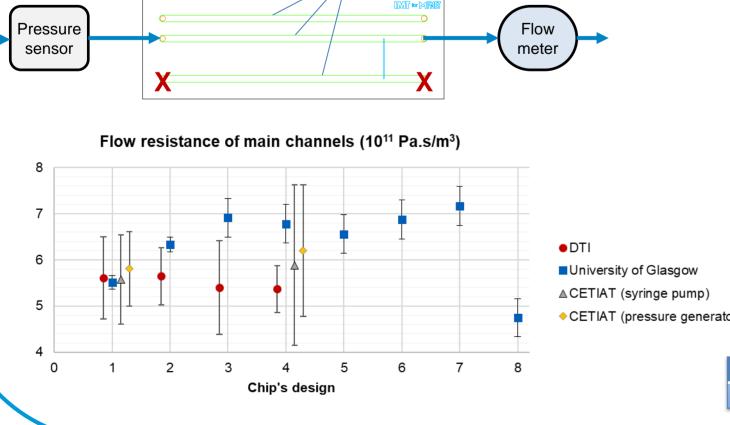
2.843

Uncertainty

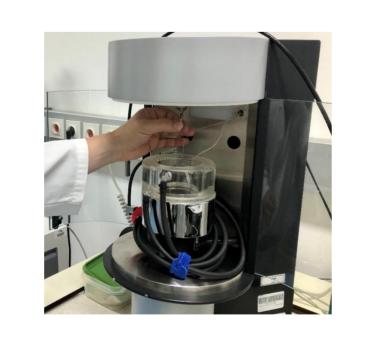
[mm]

0.18

0.019







Density, ρ / (kg/m³) at 20 °C 998.203 1005.225 1007.523

IMPACT ON STANDARDIZATION

Contributions to ISO/TC 48/WG 3 Microfluidic Devices

- ISO 22916:2022 Microfluidic devices Interoperability requirements for dimensions, connections and initial device classification
- ISO 10991:2023 Microfluidics Vocabulary
- ISO/TS 6417 Microfluidic pumps Symbols and performance communication

Contributions to ISO/TC 48/WG 5 Liquid Handling Devices - Automatic the development

- ISO 23783- 1, 2 and 3:2022
- ISO/TR 6037:2024 Automated liquid handling systems Uncertainty of the measurement procedures

Contributions to CEN/CENELEC Focus Group on Organ-on-Chip

Focus Group Organ-on-Chip Standardization Roadmap

PUBLICATIONS





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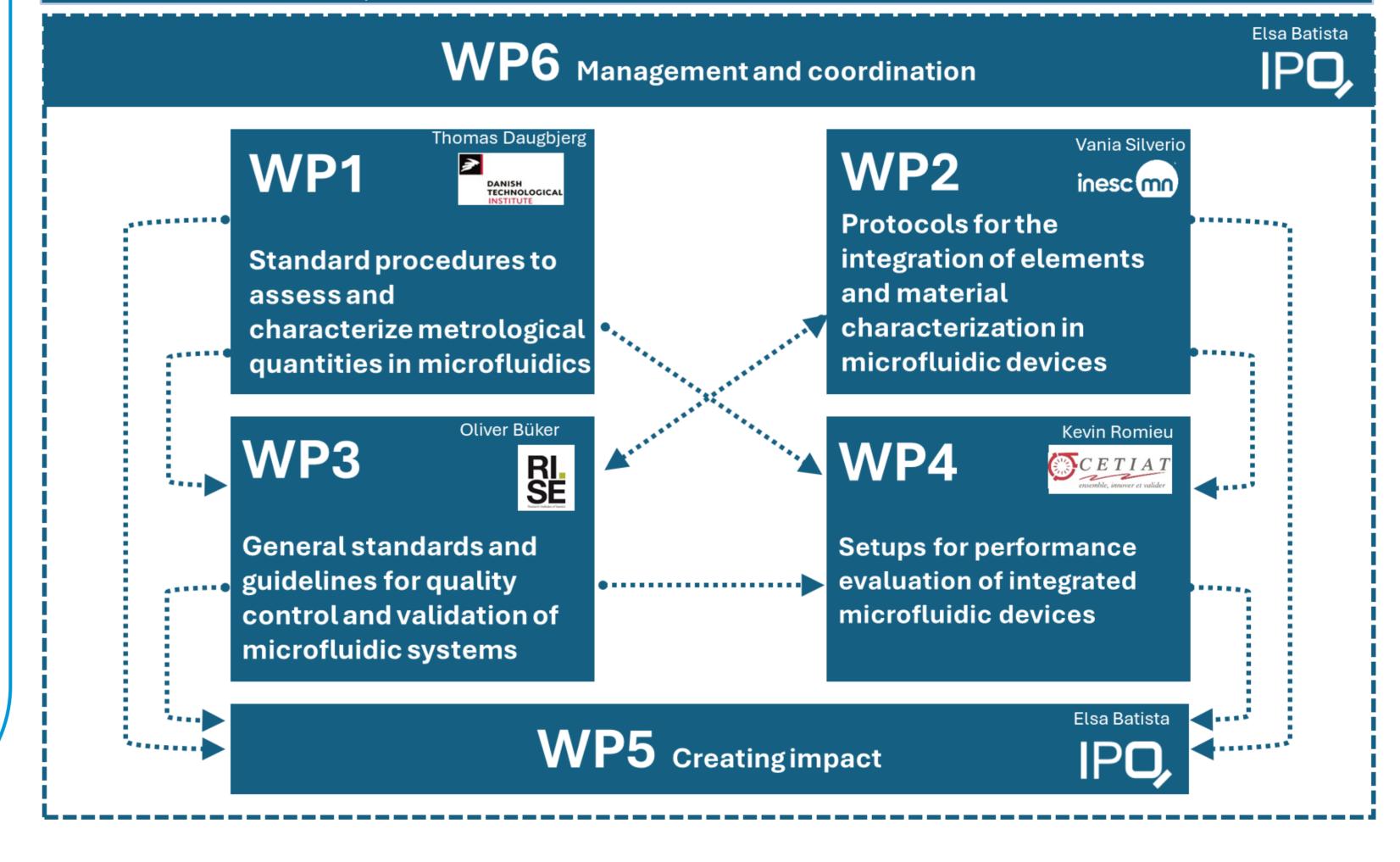
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EPM PROJECT 24NRM03 MFMET II

Supported by EURAMET and the European Partnership on Metrology (EPM), MFMET II is a collaborative effort to bridge gaps in the microfluidics supply chain, including organ-on-chip applications, with the following objectives:

- Develop protocols and guidelines for microfluidic device validation and characterization
- Support ISO standards (ISO/TC 48/WG 3 and ISO/TC 276/SC 2)
- Enable scalable, cost-effective manufacturing of harmonized, reproducible microfluidic devices and microphysiological systems

Collaborators: 19 partners from national metrology institutes, academia, and industry, led by IPQ. Chief stakeholder, the Microfluidics Association.



SUMMARY

Measurand

External large diameter

While microfluidics and nanotechnology have enabled portable mini-labs, establishing standardised performance assessments remains a challenge. Efforts toward harmonisation are underway, but comprehensive regulations for qualifying entire microfluidic systems are still needed.

Progress in Organ-on-a-Chip (OoC) technology is driven by the goal to replace animal testing, supported by the FDA Modernization Act 2.0. However, companies currently lack standardised methods for validating manufacturing, performance, and safety.

The EPM MFMET II project aims to develop protocols and guidelines to support these standardisation efforts, aligning with ISO/TC 48/WG 3 and ISO/TC 276/SC 2.

Looking ahead, standardised calibration methods, innovative measurement techniques, and collaborative research will be key to shaping the future of microfluidics and OoC technology.

The project (20NMR02 MFMET) has received funding from the EMPIR programme co-financed by the Participating States and from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme.

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